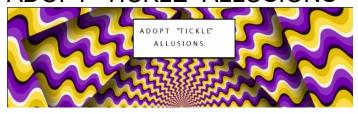
Solution to Last Month's Quiz

ADOPT "TICKLE" ALLUSIONS



A - 8 BOOTLICKER (BOOR)

B-6 DUCKTAILED (DUDA)

C-2 INTERLOCK (NOR)

D-4 COCKATIEL (OCA)

E - 7 SKEPTICAL (SAP)

F - 10 CHECKLIST (SCH)

G - 5 SKETCHILY (SHY)

H - 9 STOCKPILE (SOP)

I - 3 LIVESTOCK (SOV)

J-1 UNLUCKIEST (SUNU)

This Month's Quiz

Is Your Interest Flagging?

For each flag property (color or shape), identify the country in the row whose flag

DOES NOT include that property. Do this well to have a banner day!

Property	Cntry1	Cntry2	Cntry3	Cntry4
Blue	Czech	Denmark	United Kingdom	The Netherlands
Red	Italy	Belgium	Greece	Malta
Black	France	Germany	Estonia	Belgium
Yellow	Spain	Ireland	Sweden	Lithuania
Green	Burkina Faso	Gabon	Romania	Mali
Light Blue	Palau	Singapore	Rwanda	Somalia
Cross	Sierra Leone	Slovakia	Denmark	Dominican Republic
Chevron	East Timor	Guyana	Saint Lucia	Suriname
Crescent	Chad	Pakistan	Maldives	Turkey
Stripe	Jordan	South Sudan	Uzbekistan	Japan

Aaron's Answers continued

While it was not a single-person effort, he was the leader of the team on the Manhattan Project which developed the first atomic hydrogen bombs, and he's the most well-known team member because he led the team. He also made very significant contributions to the research, however it's important to note that he isn't *the* father, only one of the fathers.

Prior to working on the Manhattan Project, Oppenheimer still had an extensive history in science. He had obtained a Ph. D. in psychics from the University of Göttingen in Germany, and had studied under multiple great minds. He had contributed to research in theoretical physics and quantum mechanics.

Oppenheimer had mixed feelings about the results of his success. Obviously, as a scientist he was extremely proud of his work and proud that it worked as intended, however he was also heavily burdened by the knowledge that he may have created the most dangerous weapon ever made. In fact, when they were first testing the atomic bomb there were concerns that the bomb would react with the Nitrogen in the atmosphere and form heavier elements. This would happen within seconds, and the entire Earth would die, everything would suffocate instantly due to the chain reaction. In the end the scientists calculated that the Earth would most likely not die that way, and they went ahead and tested it. With our new knowledge that we've gained throughout the years since, we now know that there was quite literally no way to actually calculate the chance of the Earth dving in that situation, so the scientists just went ahead and did it anyways without 100% assurance that everything would be ok.

TARGET DATE FOR Next Month's Contributions (and for the BI Spring is in the Air Contest)

August 21, 2023

Please reach us with your articles, news, photos, CHILDREN'S ARTWORK or ideas at 344 Bowfin, (650 572-9153) or email us at our email EDITOR@BOWFININQUIRER.COM

or by adding a NOTE on our Facebook Page or our website: BOWFININQUIRER.COM

(Answer to Last Month's Riddle): What can you catch but not throw? A COLD